EXHIBIT 10

TO DECLARATION OF MARIE MARTIN IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS' OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER

If the plant contaminant is:	And:	And:	And seeds were harvested in:	Then:
Corn, millets, or a corn relative specifically:	Is not likely the seed will be released into the environment	28 or fewer seeds of contaminant per quart of seed		RELEASE
<i>Chionachne</i> spp. <i>Coix</i> spp.	(such as seeds that will be used as spice, for manufacturing, or further processed)	29 or more seeds of contaminant per quart of seed	Australia	GO to Table 2-11
Echinochloa spp. Eleusine spp.			New Zealand	GO to Table 2-12
Euchlaena spp. Miscanthus spp.			Other than Australia or New Zealand	GO to Table 2-10
Panicum spp. Pennisetum spp.	Is likely that the seed will be released into the environment (such as bird seed or seed to feed to animals)		Australia	GO to Table 2-11
<i>Polytoca</i> spp.			New Zealand	GO to Table 2-12
Sclerachne spp. Setaria spp. Sorghum spp. Trilobachne spp.			Other than Australia or New Zealand	GO to Table 2-10
Tripsacum spp.				
Hibiscus spp.)				INSPECT and RELEASE
Okra (Abelmoschus spp.)				INSPECT and RELEASE
Wheat	You calculate the percent of wheat seed in commodity imported (see Table 2-9)	5 percent or more wheat seed contaminant in sample		TREAT the wheat as a component, not as a contaminant GO to <i>Table 3-52</i> and regulate the shipment wheat
		Less than 5 percent wheat seed contaminant in sample		REGULATE the commodity seed not for planting; do not regulate the wheat
Plant contaminant that is not identifiable				GO to Table 2-10
Other than listed above	· 			GO to Table 2-10

Table 2-8 Take Appropriate Regulatory Action Based on Contamination of Plants or Plant Parts

Table 2-10 Take Regulatory Action Based on Plant Contaminants Including Federal Noxious Weeds and Plants Regulated by 7 CFR 319, 7 CFR 330, or 7 CFR 360

If the contaminants are:	And the seeds:	And:	And:	Then:
Federal noxious weeds 7 CFR 360	Can be freed from contaminants by cleaning, devitalizing (heat treatment), or grinding to mitigate pest risk of noxious weed contamination (SEE Treatment Manual) and Special Procedures for Authorizing the Grinding of Commodities Contaminated with Federal Noxious Weed Seeds to determine appropriate method)		Seeds will be cleaned, devitalized, or grinding is an appropriate option to mitigate risk of noxious weed contaminants for nonpropagative commodities contaminated with Federal noxious weed seeds Cleaning, heat treatment, and grinding are not	AUTHORIZE movement of the shipment to a facility that will grind the seeds, remove the contaminant ¹ , or devitalize (heat treatment) If the seeds are freed from the contaminants or the seeds are ground or devitalized, then RELEASE PROHIBIT ENTRY
	<i>Cannot</i> be freed from the contaminants, <i>cannot</i> be devitalized or ground to mitigate the risk of noxious weed contamination, or the	►	appropriate options Is accompanied by a 588 Controlled Import Permit or Departmental Permit Lacks a 588 Permit	RELEASE PROHIBIT ENTRY
Plant structures prohibited by 7 CFR 319 or 7 CFR 330 ²	importer disagrees Is not likely to be released into the environment (e.g., used as a spice, for manufacturing, or for processing)			INSPECT and RELEASE
	Is likely to be released into the environment and	Can be cleaned or treated (heat or irradiation)		HOLD the shipment NOTIFY local PPQ that the shipment must be cleaned or treated to meet entry requirements
		Cannot be cleaned or treated	Is accompanied by a 588 Controlled Import Permit or Departmental Permit	RELEASE
			Lacks a 588 Permit	PROHIBIT ENTRY
Other than listed in the cells above				RELEASE

1 Before the entire shipment is cleaned, encourage the importer to have a sufficiently large sample run through the operation to verify that the contaminants can be removed.

2 Examples of prohibited seeds include those from bamboo, parasitic plants, and rice.